Literacy Screening in Virginia



What's inside:

What is literacy & language development? What is a literacy screener? What is intervention? What is VALLSS? What do VALLSS scores tell you? Support for your child

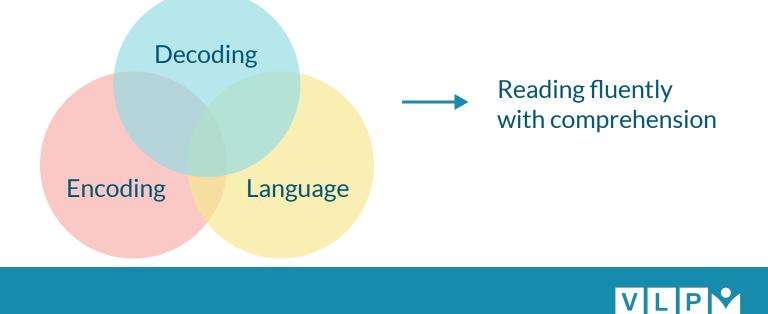
What is literacy and language development?

Literacy means that someone can read and write. Language development is the ability to understand and use spoken language. The goal of reading is to be able to understand (comprehend) what you read.

In order to read, students need to be able to:

- 1. decode blend sounds together to read words
- 2. encode spell words
- 3. understand and use language

As students' skills improve in these three areas, they develop fluency (reading words quickly and correctly) and *reading comprehension* (understanding what is read).



What is a literacy screener?



A literacy screener is a test or assessment. It is designed to identify students who may be at risk for developing reading difficulties.

Early screening is critical because risk for reading difficulties can be detected as early as kindergarten. It is important to screen for reading difficulties early in students' school careers, so that classroom instruction can be tailored to student need and they have the <u>best chance to catch up.</u>



What is intervention?

Intervention is *extra instruction* in specific skill areas that students need.

In Virginia, if students are identified as needing additional support, they receive *intervention* to help them make progress.

Research tells us that early intervention is critical for students with reading difficulties, as students will not simply "catch up" without extra instruction.





What does VALLSS do?

VIRGINIA LANGUAGE & LITERACY SCREENING SYSTEM



Gives a *snapshot of critical literacy skills* at a single moment in time



Identifies students at risk for developing reading difficulties



Provides instructionally-useful information to target instruction

VALLSS is the Virginia Department of Education's sponsored literacy screener.



What does VALLSS measure?

| | VALLS Subtests | Description | Grade |
|------------------------|---|---|-------|
| Code-based | Letter Names | Name upper- and lowercase letters to measure letter name knowledge | К |
| | Letter Sounds | Say letter sounds when presented with a pair of upper- and lowercase letters (e.g., Ee) to measure letter sound knowledge | K-1 |
| | Beginning Sounds Expressive | Say the first sound of a word or say a word that starts with the same sound as the given word to measure pulling sounds apart | к |
| | Phoneme Blending | Listen to sounds and blend them together to say a word to measure putting sounds together | к |
| | Phoneme Segmenting | Listen to a word and break it into sounds to measure breaking sounds apart | K-3 |
| | Encoding | Spell words to measure application of phonics skills | K-3 |
| | Real Word Decoding | Read words to measure application of phonics skills | К-З |
| | Pseudoword Decoding | Read made up words to measure application of phonics skills | К-3 |
| | Oral Reading Fluency (ORF) | Read passage to measure the number of words read correctly in one minute | 1-3 |
| Language Comprehension | Passage Retell | Listen to and retell a story to measure oral language knowledge and skills | K-3 |
| | Expressive Comprehension Questions | Answer questions after listening to a story to measure listening comprehension | K-3 |
| | Nonsense Sentences | Repeat silly sentences to measure grammar | K-3 |
| | Relational Vocabulary | Choose a picture after listening to a sentence to measure vocabulary | К |
| | Vocabulary Fluency | Say the name of pictures quickly to measure vocabulary | К-З |
| RAN | Rapid Automatized Naming (RAN): Letters | Say the name of repeated letters quickly to screen for processing difficulties | K-3 |
| | | V | LP |



VALLSS

VIRGINIA LANGUAGE & LITERACY SCREENING SYSTEM

Measures components of reading that are **key** for reading comprehension



Aligned with the newest reading science



Piloted across the Commonwealth of Virginia with students from different backgrounds and language statuses



Measures progress over time



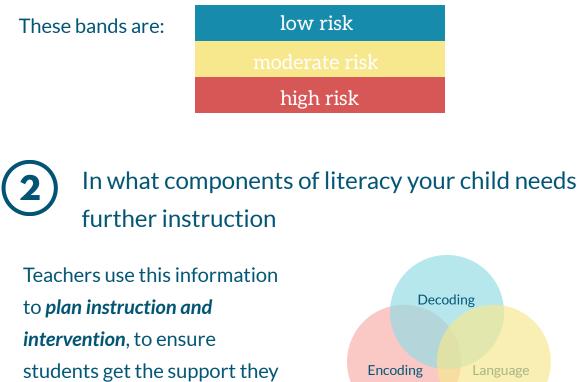
Expanded to include three year old PreK students all the way through Grade 3



What do VALLSS scores tell you?

If your child is at risk for developing a reading difficulty

After all of the subtests are completed, the student will receive an indication of an overall band of risk.



need to catch up.

Encoding Language



Check with your school for a letter that explains your child's VALLSS scores.



Let's take a closer look!

Band of Risk: High Risk

Students' **band of risk designation** is available after all required scores are entered.

Student Summary - Fall 2023

Student: Kinder

Teacher: K-Two Soft Launch Spring PALS ID ... No Grade: K Below Benchmark History ***: 0/0 School: K-2 Soft Launch School Division: K-2 Soft Launch Division Subtests: Student Scores Completed In Progress Not Started Alphabet Knowledge Score Letter Names 20/52* Letter Sounds 20/28 **Phonological Awareness** Score **Beginning Sounds Expressive** 4/10 Phoneme Blending 0/10* Phoneme Segmenting 0/10* Decoding/Encoding Instructional Score indicators are noted 0/42* Encoding with an * beside the Real Word Decoding 0/10* Pseudoword Decoding 0/10* score. An instructional Passage Comprehension Score indicator means that the student needs Passage Retell 2.5/6 Expressive Comprehension Questions 3.5/8 extra explicit Nonsense Sentences Score instruction and Nonsense Sentences support in a particular 3/10 Vocabulary Score skill. Relational Vocabulary 4/10 Vocabulary Fluency 8 Processing Score 49 Rapid Automatized Naming (RAN): Letters



What if my child is in the high-risk band?

Support is on the way!

If your child is in the high-risk band, they are significantly behind in basic literacy development and need targeted, explicit instruction.

Your child is eligible for an additional 2.5 hours of literacy instruction per week through the Early Intervention Reading Initiative (EIRI).

This 2.5 hours per week of additional literacy instruction may include time with a *person* or a *program*, or a *combination* of the two. Check with your child's school about EIRI intervention provided for your child.



What if my child is in the moderate-risk band?

Targeted, explicit instruction is needed!

If your child is in the moderate-risk band, your child is at moderate risk for developing a reading difficulty. Your child needs to receive targeted, explicit instruction in areas of need based on the VALLSS instructional indicators.

Even though your child is not in the high-risk band, supplemental instruction is highly recommended to move them to the low-risk band and get them caught up in key skill areas.



What if my child is in the low-risk band?

Systematic and explicit classroom instruction

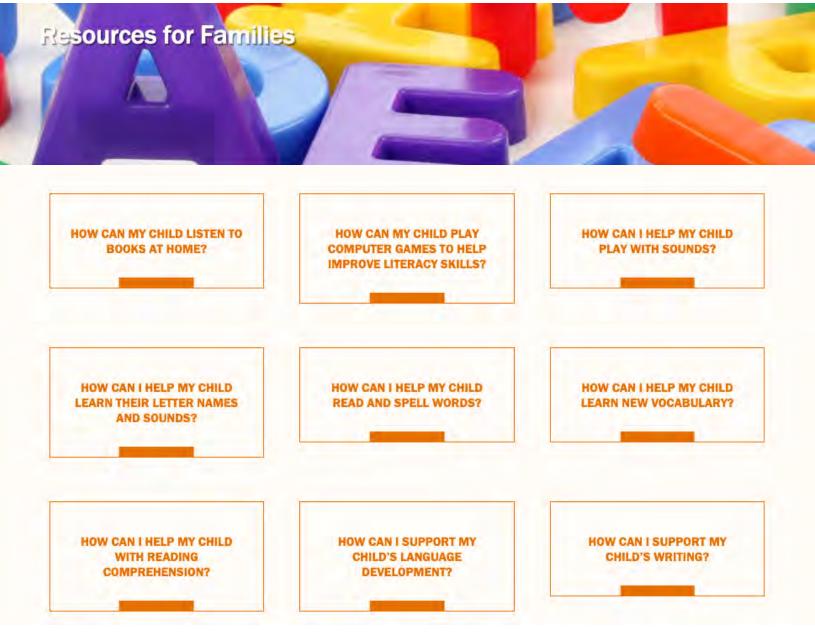
If your child is in the low-risk band, they are at low risk for developing a reading difficulty. Your child needs to continue to receive systematic and explicit classroom instruction.

Continue to monitor your child's VALLSS scores throughout the year.



Ways to support your child at home

Click below to visit the Resources for Families section of the VLP Website.



To learn more, visit: <u>literacy.virginia.edu</u>

